



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Post Midterm Examination Revision (2023-24)

Class: VII

Subject: English

Max Marks: 30

Time: 1 hour

Instructions:

- (i) *All questions are compulsory.*
- (ii) *Please write down the serial number of the question before attempting it.*
- (iii) *The question paper consists of four sections. Section A-Reading (10 marks), Section B- Grammar (5 marks), Section C- Writing (5 marks) and Section D- Literature (10 marks).*
- (iv) *Attempt one section at a stretch and then move to the next section.*
- (v) *Use of correcting fluid (whitener) is prohibited.*

SECTION A: READING (10 marks)

Q1. Read the given passage carefully. On the basis of understanding of the passage, answer the following questions by choosing the correct option. (1×5=5)

India Covid-19 numbers explained

1. With novel Coronavirus spreading rapidly all over the country, there are only three states right now, Meghalaya, Sikkim and Andaman and Nicobar Islands, that have less than 1,000 people infected with the disease.

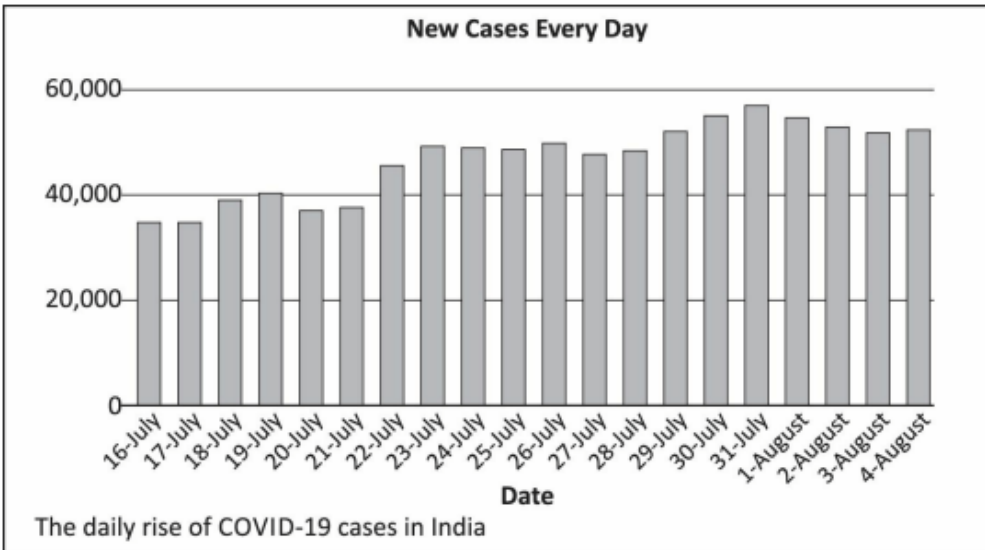
2. Lakshadweep, of course, still hasn't reported even a single case till now, the only region in India entirely free of the epidemic.

3. Otherwise, even the relatively smaller states now have significantly large spread of the disease. Goa, for example, has seen more than 7,000 of its people infected by the virus till now. Tripura has over 5,500 cases, while Manipur has more than 3,000, and Nagaland a little less than 2,500. Puducherry has more than 4,000 cases, while even Daman and Diu has over 1,300 people infected.

4. And in each of these states, the numbers are rising at a fast pace, at a rate higher than the national level. The infections had initially reached these states in the first and second week of May, when the lockdown was relaxed for the first time to enable people stuck in different parts of the country to return to their native places.

5. After a period of very slow growth, the number of cases have begun to rise rapidly in the last one month. In Goa, for example, the total number of infected people has nearly doubled in the last 15 days. Same has happened in Puducherry, as well.

6. Tuesday was one of those rare occasions when the number of active cases in the country, those who are yet to recover from the disease, went down compared to the previous day. That is because the number of recoveries, combined with the number of deaths, exceeded the new cases that were detected on Tuesday.



7. With over 52,500 new cases detected in the country, the total number of infections crossed 19 lakh, out of which 12.82 lakh people have recovered from the disease. The number of dead is now close to 40,000.

8. The number of recoveries on Tuesday was the highest-ever for a single day. More than 51,700 people were declared to have been recovered. Three days earlier, the number of recoveries had crossed 50,000 for the first time, but in the next two days the number had fallen to much lower levels.

Choose the correct option to answer the questions based on the above passage and graphics.

1. How are these three states - Meghalaya, Sikkim and Andaman and Nicobar Islands - different from the rest of India?

- a) they are the only states to have less than 1,000 people infected with novel coronavirus
- b) they are three of the five states to have less than 1,000 people infected with novel coronavirus
- c) they are the only states to have less than 2,000 people infected with novel coronavirus
- d) none of these

2. _____ is the only region in India which is entirely free of the epidemic.

- a) Andaman and Nicobar Islands
- b) Maharashtra
- c) Lakshadweep
- d) Tripura

3. What is common among Goa, Tripura, Manipur, Nagaland, Puducherry and Daman and Diu?

- a) the numbers are rising at a fast pace at rates lower than the national level
- b) the numbers are falling at a fast pace at rates equal than the national level
- c) **the numbers are rising at a fast pace at rates higher than the national level**
- d) none of these

4. Which date in the graph shows the highest jump of detected cases in a day?

- a) July 30
- b) **July 31**
- c) August 1
- d) August 2

5. Pick out the synonym of the word “native”?

- a) rapidly
- b) significantly
- c) **indigenous**
- d) rare

QII Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow: (1X5 = 5)

A PAGE FROM MY DIARY

There are five people at our table, including myself. I’ve already learnt a great deal about them in the short time we have been at sea, although we rarely meet except at meal times. First of all, there is Dr Stone, my favourite, I must confess. He is a man of about sixty-five, with grey hair and a humorous face. He gave up his practice a short while ago and is now travelling around the world before he retires to some quiet country village. During the day, he sits on the deck reading or else gazes out to sea through an old-fashioned telescope.

Then there is “grandmother”. I call her that because I cannot recall her name. In spite of being a grandmother, she looks remarkably young, not more than forty-five. She is on her way to visit a daughter who emigrated to Australia some years ago. Naturally, she is very excited at the thought of seeing her again and her three grandchildren whom she has never seen.

Then there is a man I do not care for very much, the engineer by the name of Barb. He has been on leave in England and is now returning to his work in Singapore. He seems to be full of energy; he swims or plays tennis, the best part of the day. I have never in my life met a man with such a loud laugh.

The other person who sits at our table is Mrs Hunt. I have found out hardly anything about her. She is extremely quiet and rarely talks, except to consult the doctor about her children’s various ailments. She is on her way to join her husband in India.

Q1. Dr Stone is travelling round the world because _____.

- a. he likes meeting people
- b. **he is having a holiday before he retires**
- c. he wants to visit the places he knew in the past
- d. he enjoys travelling abroad

Q2. The writer calls the second person at the table “grandmother” because _____.

- a. she looks old
- b. she has three grandchildren
- c. he has not been told her name
- d. **he has forgotten her name**

Q3. The narrator is fond of _____.

- a. the ‘grandmother’
- b. **Dr Stone**
- c. Mrs. Hunt
- d. Barb

Q4. Barb is a person who is very _____.

- a. **lively**
- b. lazy
- c. arrogant
- d. cynical

Q5. The word ‘remarkably’ in the above context means _____.

- a. attractively
- b. quite
- c. **noticeably**
- d. extraordinarily

SECTION B- GRAMMAR (5 marks)

QIII. Change the following sentences as directed. ($\frac{1}{2} \times 5 = 2 \frac{1}{2}$)

1. **We had watched T.V.** (Past Perfect Tense)
2. **I have gone to school.** (Present Perfect Tense)
3. **Rocky had done his homework.** (Past Perfect Tense)
4. **We shall/will have played cricket next week.** (Future Perfect Tense)
5. **The doctors have helped the patients in need.** (Present Perfect Tense)

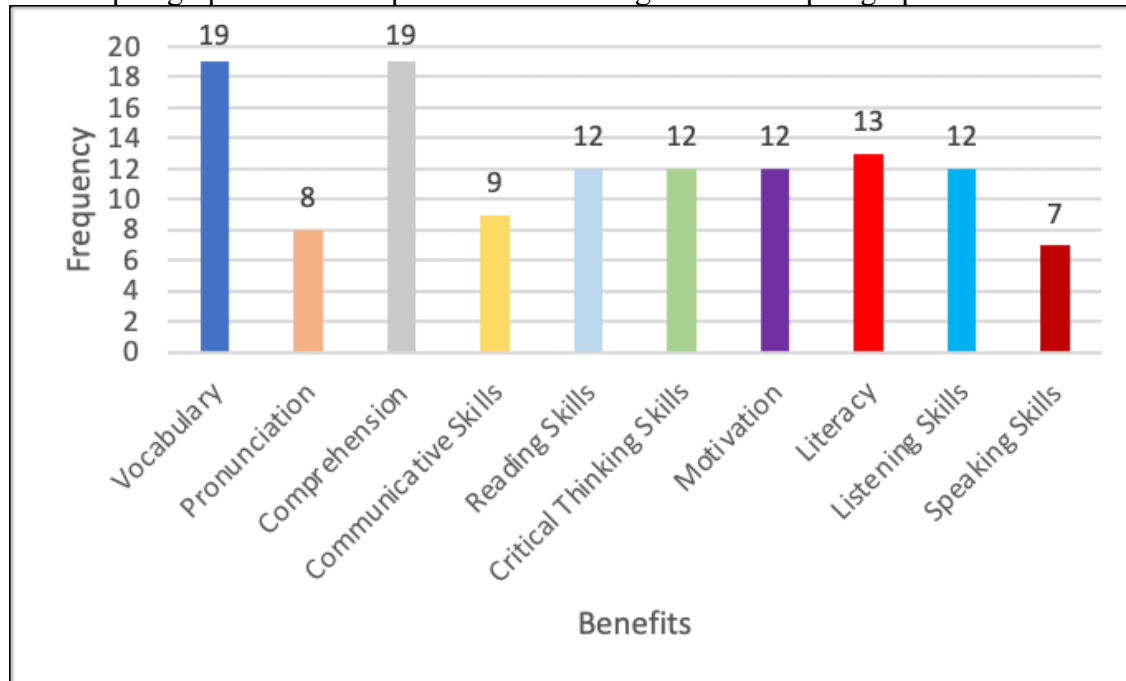
Q IV Change the following sentences into reported speech. ($\frac{1}{2} \times 5 = 2 \frac{1}{2}$)

1. Sarah said that she would go to Delhi the next day/the following day.
2. The teacher said that two and two make four.
3. Ramesh told me that he had read the Christmas Carol.
4. He told his sister that he had met her friend the previous day.

5. My uncle said that he was not feeling well that day.

SECTION C- WRITING (5 marks)

QV. Reading skills are essential to succeed in society. It is a source of knowledge and pleasure. Write a paragraph on 'The Importance of Reading'. Write the paragraph in 100-150 words.



SECTION D-LITERATURE (10 marks)

QVI. Read the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow: (1X3=3)

1. But suppose one breaks in the middle of a match?

a. What is the speaker talking about?

Ans: The speaker is talking about the bats in the line mentioned.

b. Why does the speaker consider this possibility?

Ans: The speaker considers this possibility because they were ordering bats and he wanted to have enough so that they would not have to stop playing.

c. What personality trait does the speaker exhibit by considering this possibility?

Ans: He exhibits responsibility and critical thinking by considering this.

QVIII. Answer the following questions in one or two sentences. (1x2=2)

1. What happened after the narrator read the card?

Ans: After the narrator read the card, he found himself in a hospital at Boulogne.

2. Who was better at coming up with names for the team?

Ans: Swaminathan was better at coming up with names for the team.

Q IX. Answer the following questions in detail. (1.5x2=3)

1. Three things were extraordinary about the story. What were they?

Ans: The three things that were extraordinary about the story were, one, that it should be possible for a patch on the wall of a house in London, not only to form the features of a gentleman in America but also to have a close association with his life. Another one is that the gentleman's name should bear any relationship to the spot on which his features were being so curiously reproduced by some unknown agency and the third extraordinary thing was that he had made it all up.

2. What were Mani's objections to the letter?

Ans: Mani's objection to the letter was the salutation, he was doubtful if they should address the letter as 'Dear' when they are writing to complete strangers and thought 'Sir' would be more appropriate.

Q X. Match the words in column A with the correct meaning in column B. (1/2X4=2)

A	B
1) influenza	a) complete list of items
2) stammered	b) repeat quickly
3) catalogue	c) a contagious disease
4) reel off	d) having doubts
	e) spoke with pauses

1. c 2. e 3. a 4. b

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